Fusarium wilt or Panama disease: the disease, historic overview, current situation and potential impact of TR4 in Latin American and the Caribbean - LAC











Outline

- The disease
- A brief history
- Causal agent and races
- Global distribution of Fusarium wilt of banana
- Current Impact of Foc TR4 on relevant production areas
- Potential impact for LAC
- How to move forward?











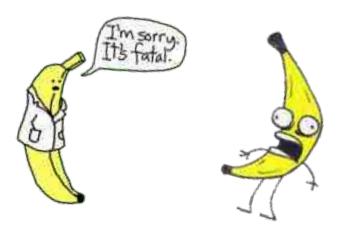
The banana export trades began in tropical America with 'Gros Michel' highly susceptible to race 1 of Foc... [Slide from R. Ploetz]

By the 1960s, 'Gros Michel' had been replaced in export production by cultivars of the Cavendish subgroup



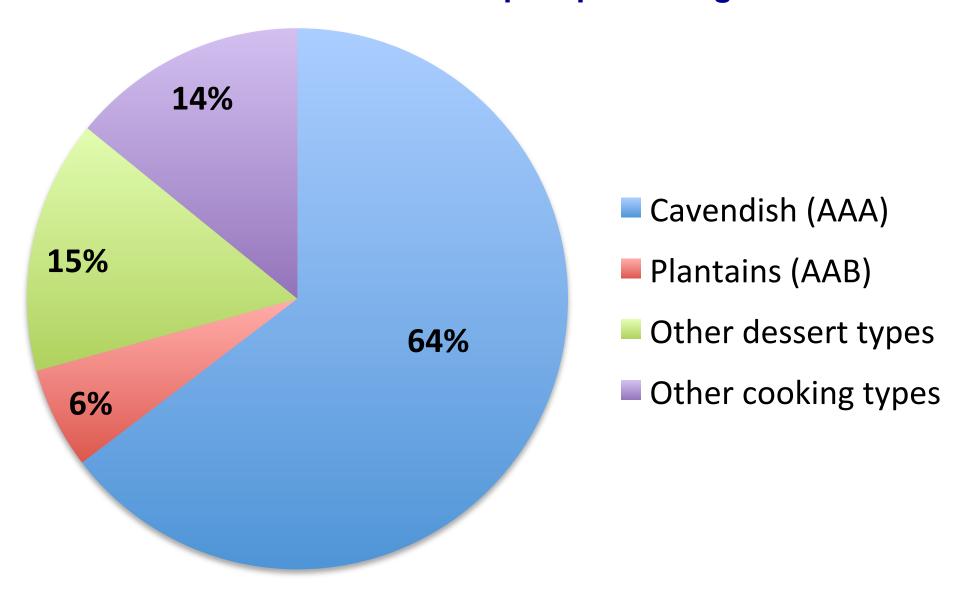






'Gros Michel' learns his fate [R. Ploetz]

Cavendish varieties comprises 41% of all bananas grown worldwide and > 60 % in Top 10 producing countries



The current banana industry is 'Cavendish' Ocean



Fusarium wilt vs. Export bananas



Fusarium wilt of banana: a brief history

- 1876: First report: Queensland. 1874 Silk banana (Bancroft, 1876)
- 1880 : Spreading to the many producing regions in the world
- 1950 -: Few regions remained free of the disease
- 1900-1960 : > 100 000 ha in Central America were destroyed
- 1950 -: Banana companies were forced to change Gros Michel by Cavendish varieties ("resistant")
- 1970 : Damage reported in Cavendish in the subtropics (subtropical race 4)
- 1990 : Damage was reported in Cavendish in the tropics (tropical race 4)









The disease

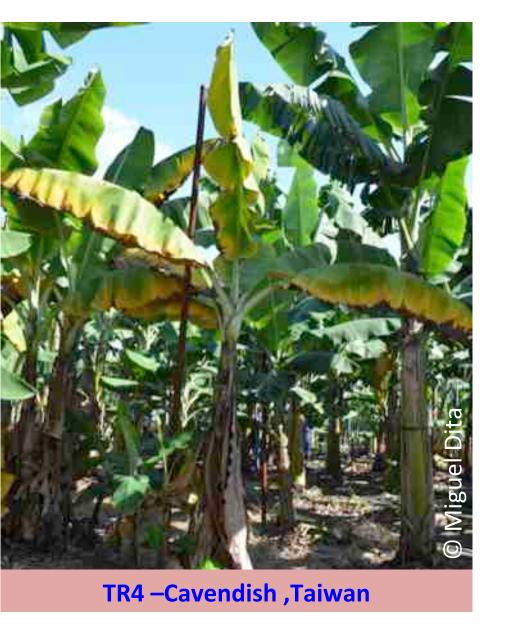
Fusarium wilt of banana

External symptoms





** Symptoms of Race 1, 2 and TR4 are similar





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Fusarium wilt of banana

Internal symptoms





Affected plants are no longer productive











Fusarium Moko

Fusarium wilt symptoms are no frequent on young plants, but that is not a rule!



Fusarium wilt

Cv. Bluggoe, Nicaragua 2013

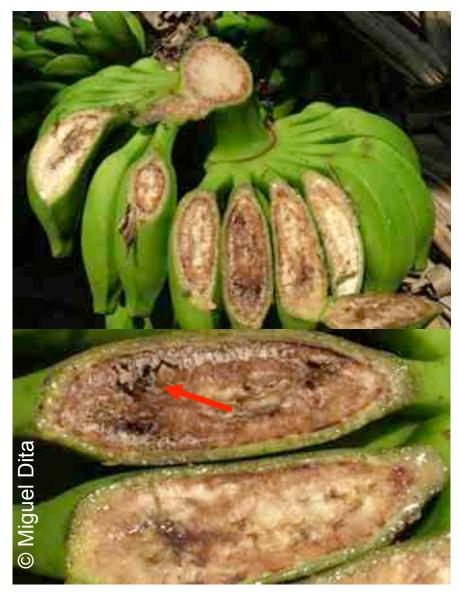


Moko

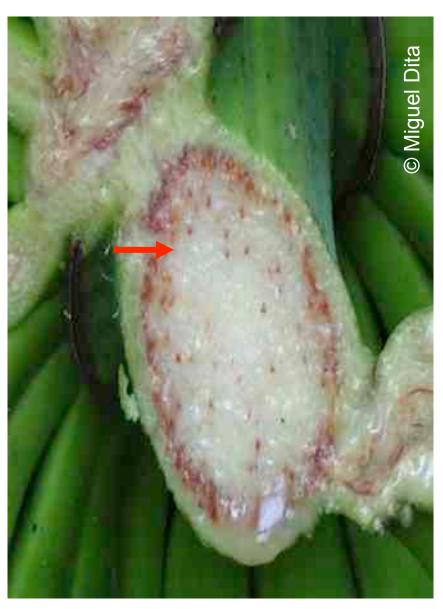


Foc TR4 – Young plants of Cavendish – Taiwan, 2012

Moko



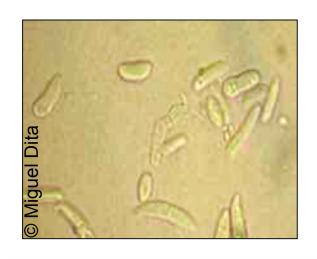
Symptoms in fruits

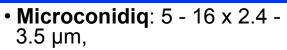


Internal symptoms

Getting familiar with the Causal Agent

Structures of Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. cubense







• Macroconidiq: 27 - 55 x 3.3 - 5.5 µm,.



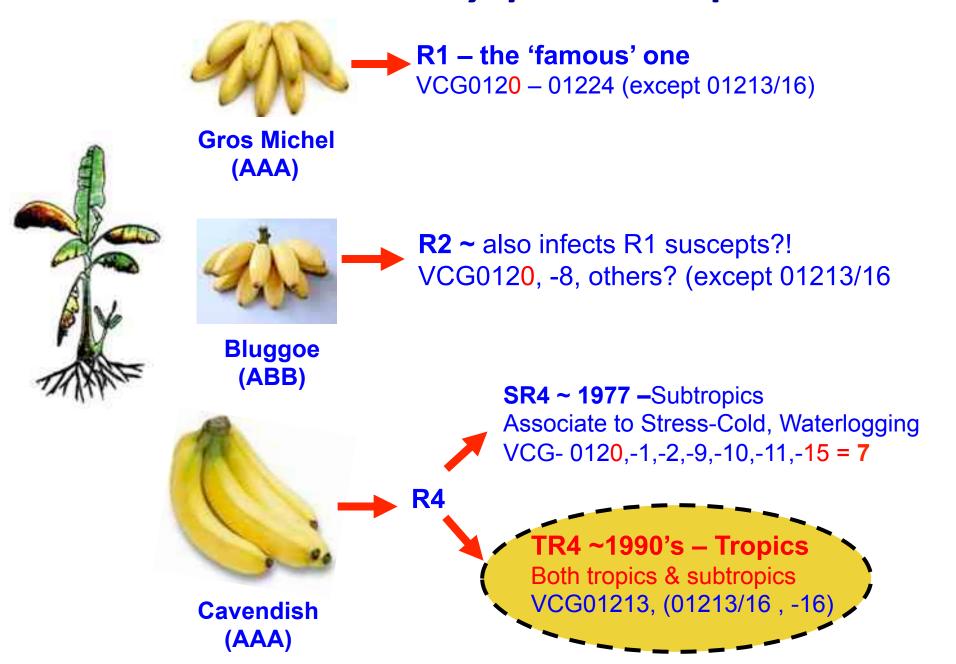
• Chlamydiospores: 7 - 11 µm diameter

Foc can survives in the soil without susceptible host at least for up to > 30 years

Photos: MA. Dita

Source: Ploetz (2000)

Races de Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. cubense



Races de Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. cubense

Race 1: Gross Michel (also Maçã (Silk), Pisang Awak)

Race 2: Bluggoe (and cooking bananas)

Race 3: Heliconia spp. (new specie?)

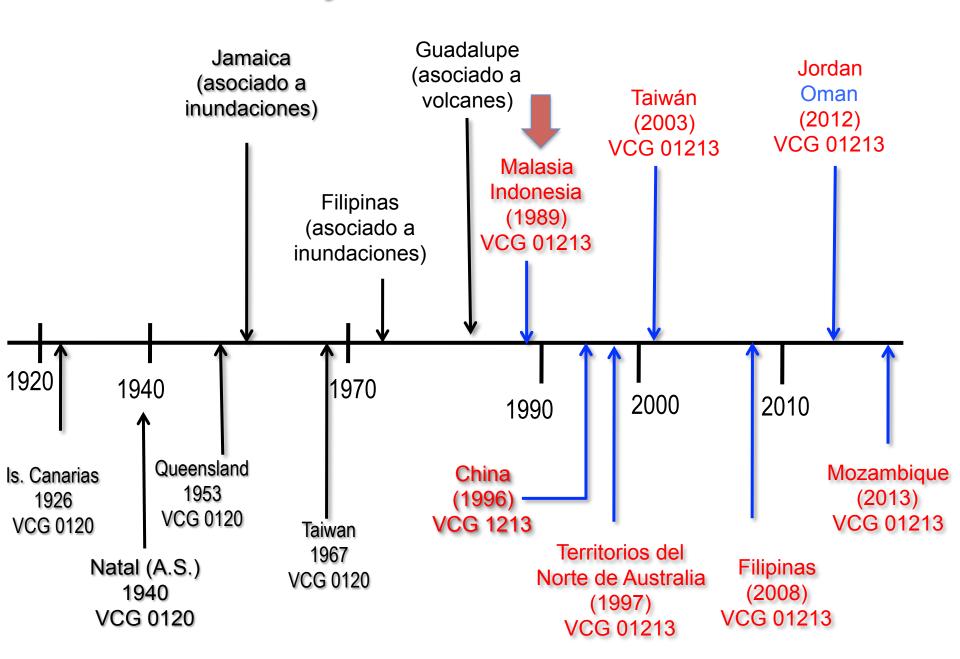
Race 4: Cavendish (subtropical-ST4 and Tropical-TR4)

Variety	R1	R2	R3	R4
Gross Michel	S	R	R	S
Bluggoe	R	S	R	S
Heliconia	R	R	S	?
Cavendish	R	R	R	S

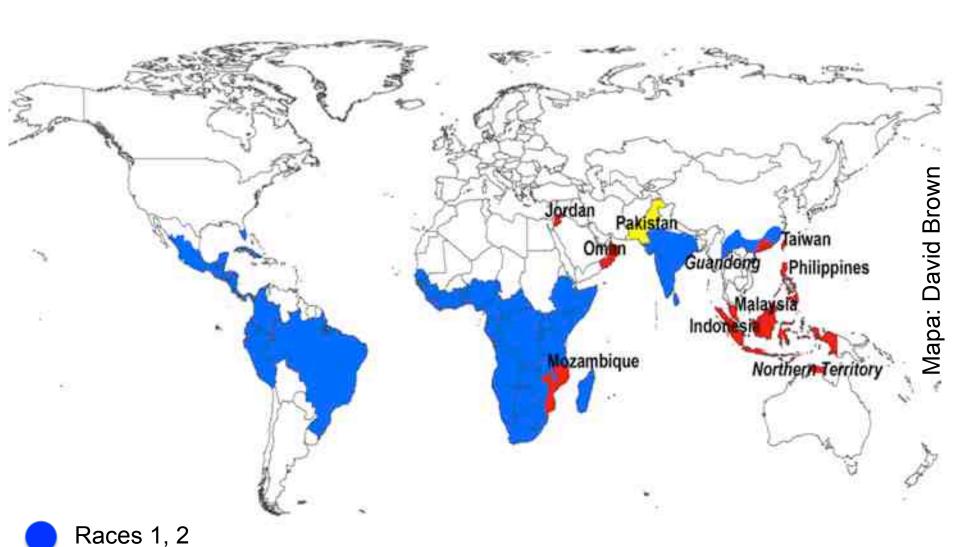
Tropical race 4 is the most destructive as also affects varieties susceptible to R1 and R2

~80 % of banana and plantains globally produced come form TR40susceptible varieties

Short History of FOC race 4 in Cavendish



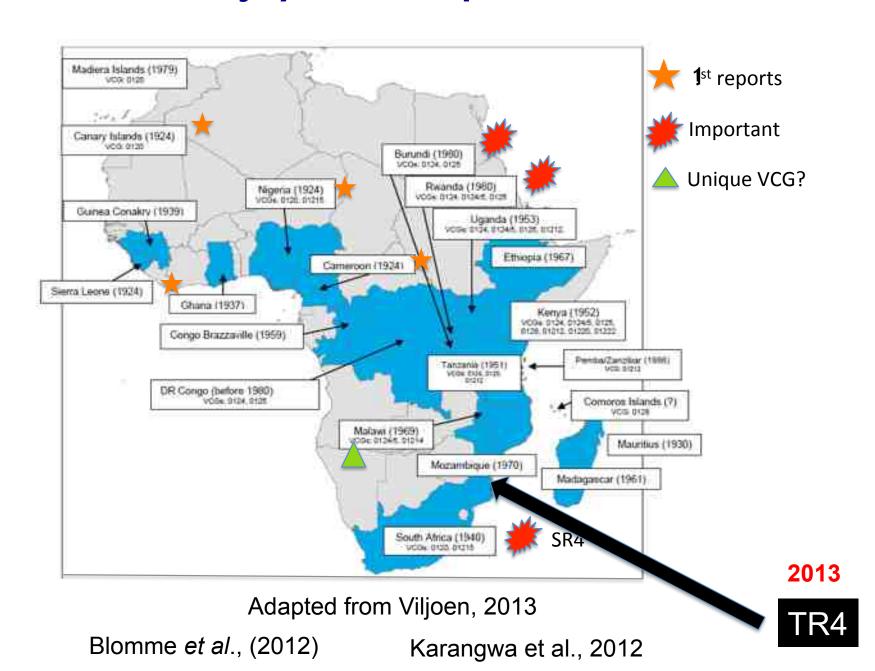
Fusarium wilt of banana: Distribution of races



Tropical race 4, 1, 2
Under evaluation for Tropical race 4

This MAP is only a tentative approximation of the distribution of Foc to be used for academic purposes. It is not based on any scientific studies and should not be used by authorities for decision making purposes.

Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. cubense: Africa



NEWS IN FOCUS

GESCOT Mapping project opens way to sinkhole predictions #.006 take on additives to improve crops #98 may have offered right conditions for life \$200





Banana plantations are at risk from a disease buown as Fuzzeium wilt.

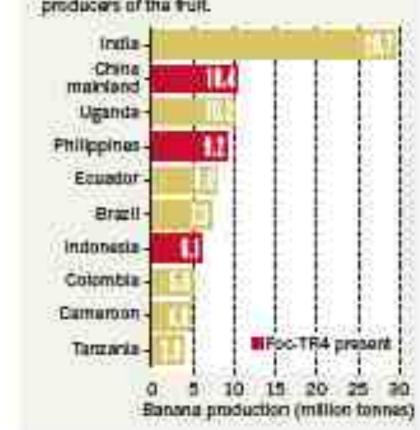
AGRICULTURE

Fungus threatens top banana

Fears rise for Latin American industry as devastating disease hits leading variety in Africa and Middle East.



A tungue strain that kills became plants has been delected in three of the windd's top producers of the truit.



Impact on the int'l media: just the momentous, forgettable?

THE INDEPENDENT MONDAY 07 APRIL 2014



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UK v / World v / Business v / People v / Science / Environment v / Media v / Technology / Education v / Images / Obit

News > World > World Politics

Bananageddon: Millions face hunger as deadly fungus Panama disease decimates global banana crop



Disease spreads from Asia to Africa and may already have jumped to crucial plantations in Latin America

Foc: Latin American and the Caribbean

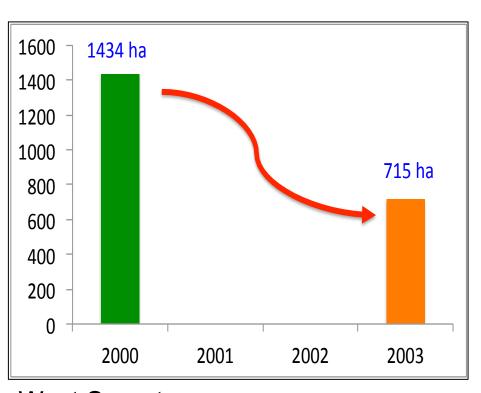
Important Central America and Colombia is Outbreaks in Cavendish mostly important for Gros Michel grown Santa Catarina, Brazil in agroforestry systems with coffee Nicaragua: also problems in Bluggoe Guatemala El Salvador Ecuador 70 Porcentaje de Fincas 30 10 Manzano Morado Variedades de banano y plátano Banana varieties and Fusarium wilt incidence in San Luis de Shuaro, Peru - Roman et al (2012) Race 1 and 2 Brazil: Mostly in

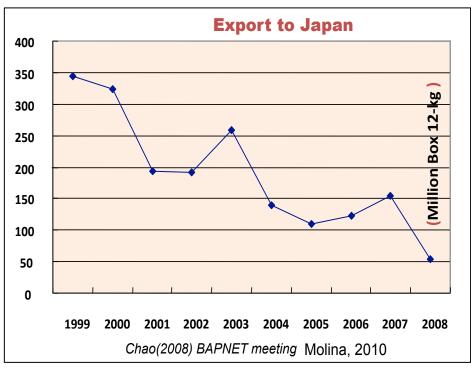
Prata-type varieties

Impact of Foc TR4 in Asia: A global threat

Indonesia

Taiwan

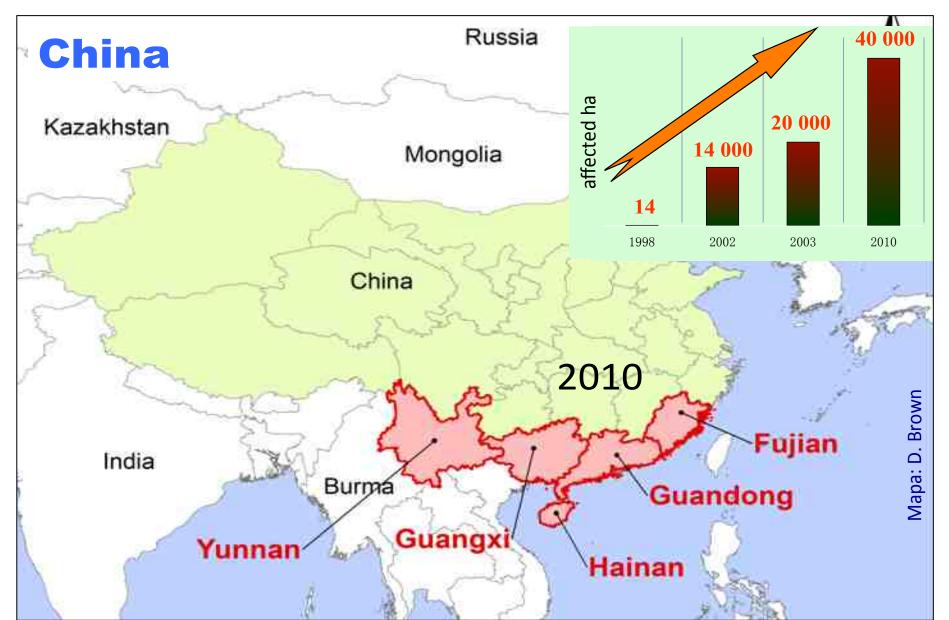




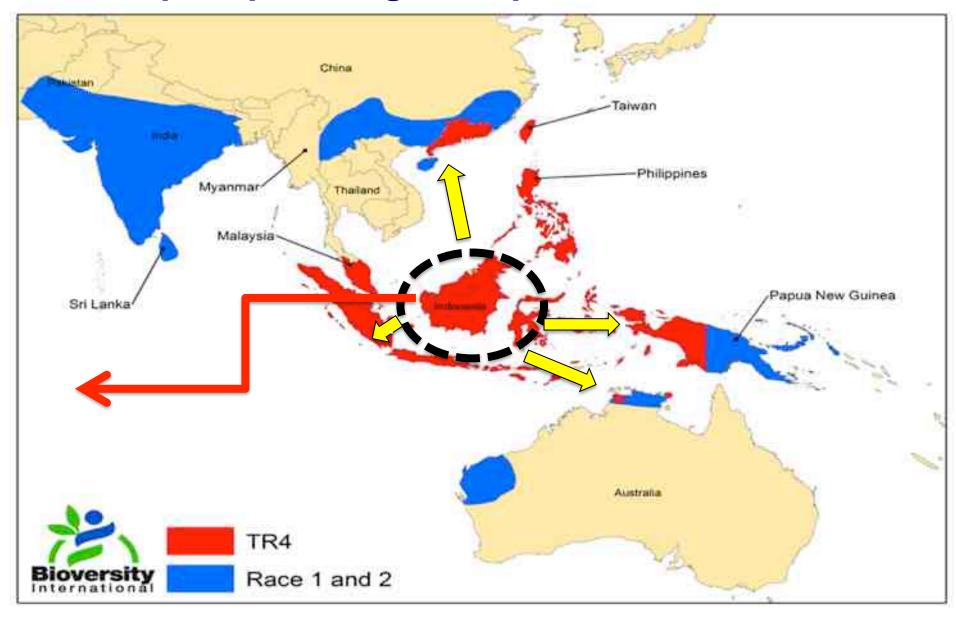
West Sumatra (Horticulture Processing and Marketing Department, 2005)

Impact of Foc TR4 in Asia: A global threat

[Data Yi Ganyun, 2012]



Rapid spreading of tropical race 4 of Foc

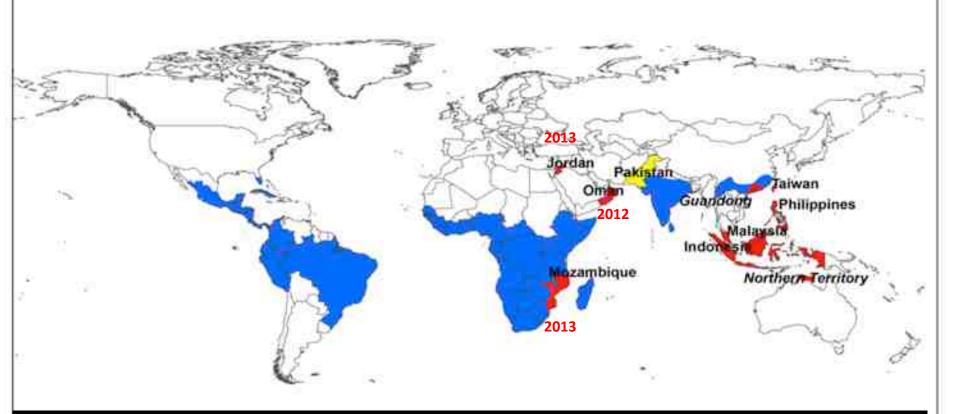


This MAP is an attempt to show the global distribution of Foc races. It should not be considered as a reference by authorities



Fusarium Wilt of Banana: Global distribution

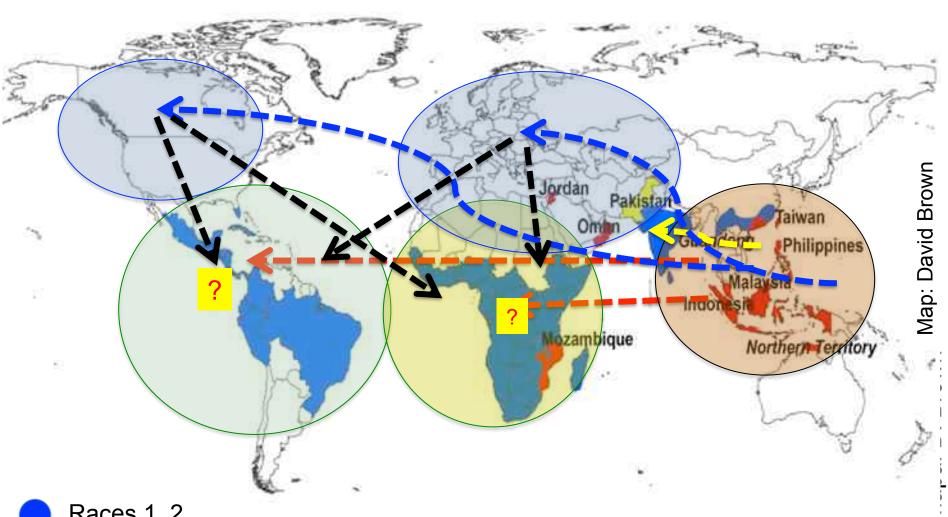




The question is not if TR4 will arrives in LAC or How?
....It is when and where will be the first incursion / report?
What has been done so far?
What need to be done to minimize the TR4 impact?

Fusarium wilt of banana: Global distribution

Possible scenarios for global spreading



Races 1, 2

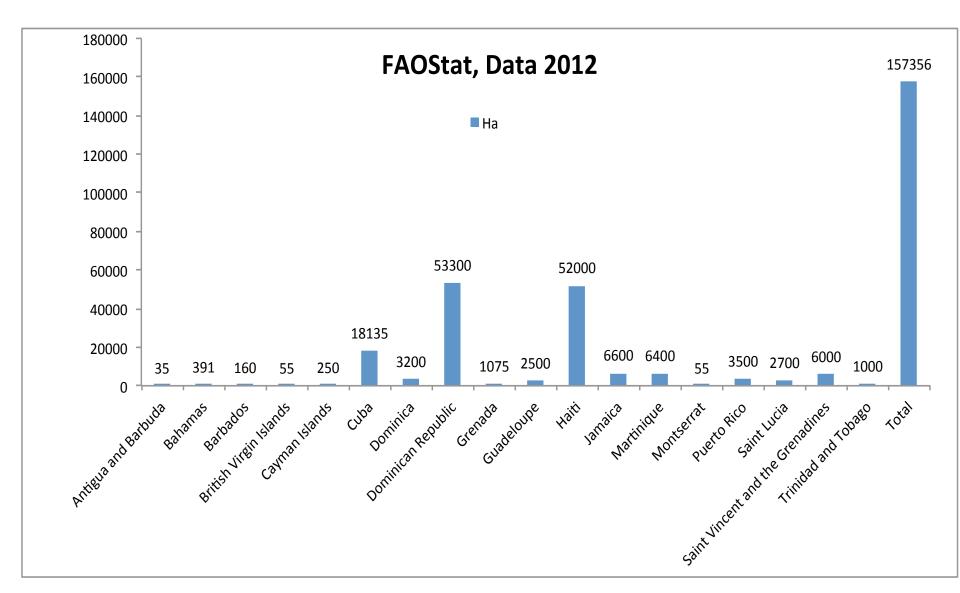
Tropical race 4, 1, 2 Under evaluation for Tropical race 4 This MAP is only a tentative approximation of the distribution of Foc to be used for academic purposes. It is not based on any scientific studies and should not be used by authorities for decision making purposes.

Impact for Latin America and the Caribbean

Banana sector: some figures

- The 4th food most important in developing countries and the 8th globally
- It is produced on 135 countries along the tropics and subtropics
- Annual production > 130 MT
- The Fruit more commercialized in the world
- Only 15% (17 MT) are for exports
- ~ 85% goes to domestic markets and direct consumption.
- ~ 41% of cultivated banana globally are Cavendish, but in the top ten exporters it goes to 64%
- <u>Conclusion</u>: Foc TR4 is a critical food security issue. Therefore, it is of public interest and governmental responsibility

Impact for Latin America and the Caribbean



In the Caribbean ~ 63% of **2,856,394** *t* produced in 2009 were from TR4-susceptible varieties (Data: Lescot, 2010)



Three different scenarios to consider



Production areas (regions) where TR4 is already present and disseminated everywhere (Countries of South Asia) [In these areas research on phenotyping for resistance and management options can be done].





TR4-free areas [Latin American and the Caribbean - (Pest – A1, according FAO)]. *Prevention, preparedness, contingency plans*.

Every situation deserves a tailored reaction always complemented with awareness, preparedness, capacity building and research,

Foc TR4 – Three options



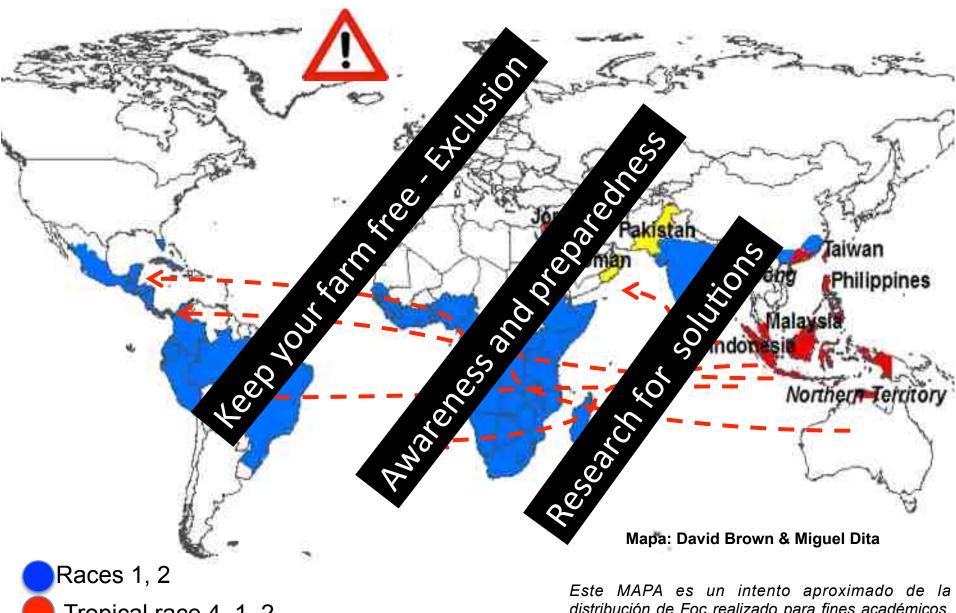
- 1. "Business as usual". No actions "finger crossed". Fusarium wilt continues it spreading threatening millions farmers.
- Foc TR4 reach more and more countries, continents and the situation becomes out of control. Production areas decreasing, prices increasing and big losses at many levels reported. A nightmare becomes reality.
- 3. Contingency plans are implemented, prevention meassures properly in place. A concerted and well-implemented strategy runs quarantine measures in regions where TR4 is present. A global system on surveillance and containment is working. Research institutes, industry and governments are collaborating under a constructive engagement approach to find long-term and sustainable solutions. There is a fair price distribution along the value chain to cover protection measures. The impact of the disease is mitigated

Ending up ...

- This is an epidemic, and there is not much time.
- Are the people that should be informed, aware on TR4? -Producers, small-holders, extension workers, government officials..
- What country is well prepared to face an outbreak of TR4?
- There are no resistant varieties to replace Cavendish in LAC.
- There are no mechanisms or effective control methods available (except from prevention and quarantine).

Conclusion:

We need a comprehensive, concerted and long-term action plan with stakeholders: industry, small farmers, governments, NGOs, associations, research institutions, international organizations



Tropical race 4, 1, 2
Under evaluation for Tropical race 4

Este MAPA es un intento aproximado de la distribución de Foc realizado para fines académicos, no está basado en estudios científicos y <u>no debe ser tomado</u> como referencia por las autoridades

GRACIAS CIAS

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